# Year-End Accounting Checklist

FOR NONPROFITS

# **Financial Close Process**

#### **Statement of Activity Review**

- O Ensure all donations, grants, and fundraising income are fully recorded and categorized.
- O Cross-check earned income sources (e.g., program fees, sales, events) for accuracy.
- O Deferred revenue: Ensure any revenue for services not yet provided is deferred to the next year.
- O Review significant month-to-month and budget vs actual variances.
- O Research significant miscellaneous income and expenses for recategorization.

#### Expenses

- O Record all operational expenses, including any final invoices or expenses billed in arrears.
- O Ensure prepaid expenses (e.g., insurance, rent, subscriptions) are correctly allocated to the appropriate periods.
- O Churches should review and update housing allowances for ministers as needed.
- O Ensure compliance with W-2s and 1099 reporting requirements for employees and contractors.
- O Complete 941 reconciliations for all payroll accounts, ensuring wages, taxes, and benefits are accurately recorded.
- O Verify that all expense reimbursements (e.g., for staff or volunteers) are accurately recorded and properly supported with receipts.

## **Grants and Restricted Funds Management**

#### **Grant Revenue**

- O Reconcile all grant income, ensuring amounts received are correctly allocated to restricted and unrestricted funds.
- O Verify the accuracy of grant tracking, ensuring that grant agreements are properly reflected in revenue recognition.
- Ensure that funding milestones (if any) are correctly accounted for (i.e., if funds were received in tranches based on milestones met).

#### **Grant Expenditures**

- O Review and reconcile grant expenditures to ensure they are within the scope of the grant agreement.
- O Prepare or update grant reports for funders, verifying compliance with grantor requirements.
- O Document any unspent grant funds, and determine if they need to be returned or submit a request to carry them forward.

## **Reconciliation of Accounts**

#### Accounts Receivable

- O Review and reconcile open receivables; follow up on any overdue payments
- O Write off uncollectible receivables, if applicable, ensuring the proper journal entries are made.
- O Record any pledges receivable that are expected to be collected in the future.

#### **Bank and Credit Card Reconciliation**

- O Ensure all bank and credit card statements have been reconciled to the general ledger.
- Investigate any discrepancies between the books and the bank statements, resolving outstanding checks or deposits in transit.
  Reconcile any petty cash funds and record any adjustments needed.

#### **Investment Accounts**

- O Reconcile investment accounts to statements, including adjustments for realized and unrealized gains/losses.
- O Ensure any interest, dividends, or fees related to investments are properly recorded.

## **Fixed Assets and Depreciation**

#### **Fixed Asset and Depreciation Schedule**

- O Update the fixed asset schedule for any additions or disposals during the year.
- O Ensure that all capital expenditures are accurately recorded and categorized.
- Verify that depreciation expense for the year is recorded in line with your organization's depreciation policy.
- O Review and adjust accumulated depreciation accounts, ensuring accuracy.
- Assess whether any assets have been impaired and record appropriate write-downs if necessary.

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# **Liabilities and Debt**

## Accounts Payable (AP)

- O Ensure that all vendor invoices are entered and appropriately categorized.
- O Reconcile AP aging to ensure accurate reporting of amounts owed.
- O Verify the cut-off for AP, ensuring that any invoices for services/products received before year-end are recorded, even if not yet paid.

## Loans and Lines of Credit

- O Reconcile all loan balances with lender statements, ensuring that principal and interest payments are correctly applied.
- O Confirm that any accrued interest and other liabilities are correctly recorded.
- O If applicable, review the covenants of any debt agreements to ensure compliance.

## **Accrued Expenses**

- O Ensure that accrued expenses are recorded as liabilities in the books.
- O Verify the accuracy of payroll tax liabilities and confirm that all tax filings are up to date.

# **Equity and Net Assets**

## **Review Net Assets**

- O Ensure that net assets are categorized as with or without restrictions and update net asset schedule.
- O Reconcile prior year-end balances to the current year's beginning balances to ensure continuity.

## **Adjustments to Net Assets**

- O Record any adjustments for prior period corrections or adjustments to net assets.
- O Ensure that any board-designated funds or endowments are accurately tracked and reported.

# **Compliance and Reporting**

## **IRS and State Filings**

- O If required, ensure your audit is scheduled with enough time to file your Form 990 by its due date.
- O If you will not be able to file your Form 990 on time, file an extension.
- Review any unrelated business income (UBI) to determine if Form 990-T is required. Confirm the preparation and filing of any sales tax or other required local filings. Ensure your state charitable registration is filed for all relevant states.

## **Audit Preparation**

## **Supporting Documentation**

- O Compile and organize all supporting documentation (invoices, receipts, contracts) required for the annual audit based on the PBC.
- O Ensure that all financial schedules (e.g., depreciation, investments, payables) are updated and available.

## **Internal Control Review**

- O Review and document any internal control procedures to ensure compliance with best practices.
- O If applicable, schedule time with the audit committee to review findings and necessary improvements.

# **Other Important Year-End Steps**

## **Chart of Accounts Updates**

O Reassess chart of accounts for a cleaner picture in the new year.

## **Backup Files**

- O Ensure that all financial records (digital and physical) are backed up and stored securely.
- O Review your document retention policy to ensure compliance with nonprofit regulations (typically a 7-year requirement).

## **Board Activities**

O Hold a year-end board meeting to review financials, budget performance, and goals.